3. Prevention, arrest or slowing of acute metabolic as well as chronic cardio-vascularrenal complications of the disease.

4. Provision of equal opportunities to ensure scholistic as well as physical attainments and job satisfaction, thus, ensuring social and emotional adaptation leading to an improved quality of life.

5. Identification of subjects with partial or total physical handicaps due to the disease, and to ensure their rehabilitation with emphasis on optimal organ or body function.

Education materials in several languages including English, Hindi, Urdu and Tamil have already been prepared and made available in the primary health centres as well as community health centres situated in the districts already included in the programme. In addition special pamphlets on the care and control of diabetes in vulnerable groups such as pregnant mothers have also been prepared and are being used as a part of community education. Diabetes-related health education is being imparted through media as well as by organising special drives and exhibitations.

CBI inquiry into documents published in the "Hindu" regarding the payments made by M/s. Bofors

180. SHRI PUTTAPAGA RADHAKRISHNA: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1322 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 7th March, 1989 and state:

(a) whether the CBI has since completed the inquiries into all the releaval aspects of the documents which appeared in the "Hindu" recently regarding the payments made by M/s. Bofors; and

(b) if so, the details thereof and what conclusions Government have drawn therefrom?

THE MINISTER OF DEFENCE (SHRI K. C. PANT): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Manufacturers of T.Vs

181. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names and addresses of manufacturers of different types of TVs in India a also the brand name used by each manufacturer and the total No. of each type of TV, B&W/CTV of different type and six produced by each manufacturer during each of last three years;

(b) whether Electronics laboratories of Government are equipped for comparative testing of TVs, if so, how much money has been spent on equipping the laboratories training of testing technicians in India or abroad, maintaining facilities, availing of foreign assistance, etc;

(c) whether not a single comparative testing programme has actually been done using the available facilities either by any Government or non-Governmental agency till date, if so, the details thereof and the reasons thereof; and

(d) whether Government have received any proposal for comparative testing of TVs, if so, Government's response thereon along with an estimated time before the public can see the published results of such testing?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) There are about 300 units reporting production of Black & White and Colour Televisions sets in the country.

The total production during the last 3 years is as fo lows:—

Year	Production (in lakh) nos.	
	B&W	CTV
1986 . .	21.5	8.5
1987 . .	32.0	11.0
1988 . .	44.0	13.0

(b) Scientists of Electronic Test and Development Centre, Mohali and Standardisation Testing and Quality Control (STQC) Directorate, Delhi have been trained at Stif-Tung Waren Test at FRG on the different aspects of comparative testing of different electronic products. Scientists were also trained on comparative testing of CTV Receivers. For carrying out comparative testing no additional expenditure in the form of equipping laboratories is required since the existing TV testing facilities of the laboratory are utilised for such testing. Training expenditure is, however, met under Indo-FRG Technical Cooperation Programme.

(c) No, Sir. Government does not propose to undertake comparative testing itself but is prepared to extend assistance including test facilities for comparative testing under it STQC programme to consumer organisation for such activity.

(d) A proposal for assistance from a consumer interest organisation for comparative testing of CTV sets is being examined by Department of Electronics in consultation with Central Consumer Protection Council.

Dispensaries/Hospitals opened by the CGHS in Delhi/New Delhi

182. SHRI SOHAN LAL DHUSIYA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 2152 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 14th March, 1989 and state:

(a) what is the number of Dispensaries and Hospitals opened in Delhi/New Delhi by the CGHS for each system of medicine as on the 31st March, 1989; and

(b) whether any special consideration is being given to the Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy for their development in the country, if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) The information is as under:—

	Disp.	Unit	First Aid Post	Medical Centre
Allopathic	80	..	4	..
Homoeo.	3	10	..	..
Ayurv.	5	8	..	..
Unani	1	2	..	..

Hospitals: Police Hospital, Kingsway Camp, Police Hospital, Rajpur Road, Maternity & Gyne., Hospital, R. K. Puram, Maternity Centre Srinivaspuri, Maternity Centre, Kalkaji, Ayurvedic Hospital, Lodhi Road.

(b) The demand and requirement of dispensaries of various systems of Medicine including Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy is kept in view while formulating expansion programme of the CGHS.